



All Saints CEVA Primary School

Prevent Policy

Romans 16:17 -18

'I appeal to you, brothers, to watch out for those who cause divisions and create obstacles contrary to the doctrine that you have been taught; avoid them for such people are not serving our Lord Jesus Christ'.

This policy forms part of our school's commitment to keeping children safe. Since the 'Education and Inspections Act 2006', schools have a duty to promote community cohesion. Over the last few years, global events have led to a growth in extremist viewpoints, including advocacy of violent extremism. In March 2015, new statutory duties were placed on schools by the Counter Terrorism and Security Act (2015) which requires them to work to prevent children being drawn into extremism.

Safeguarding children from all risks of harm is a key element of the school's responsibility, and protecting from extremism is one aspect of that. All schools have an important part to play in both educating children and young people about extremism and recognising when pupils are at risk of becoming radicalised.

We as a school family have a duty to prepare our children for life in modern Britain and to keep them safe. All staff are expected to uphold and promote the fundamental principles of British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

Evidence shows that children with low aspirations are more vulnerable to radicalisation. Therefore the school's ethos and work we carry out to ensure pupils have confidence and self-belief, are tolerant and respectful whilst having high expectations of themselves, are crucial in combating radicalisation.

Aims:

The main aims of this policy statement are to ensure that staff and governors are vigilant for the signs of radicalisation; that they overcome professional disbelief that such issues 'will not happen here' and ensure that we work alongside other professional bodies and agencies to ensure that our children are safe from harm.

Objectives

- All governors, teachers, teaching assistants and non-teaching staff will have an understanding of what radicalisation and extremism are and why we need to be vigilant in school
- All governors, teachers, teaching assistants and non-teaching staff will know what the school policy is on anti-radicalisation and extremism and will follow the policy when issues arise
- Our school will ensure this policy is available to the wider school community through its website and in hard copy from the school office on request

Definitions

Radicalisation: refers to the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and extremist ideologies associated with terrorist groups.

Extremism: We have adopted the 2011 Prevent Strategy definition as vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs. We also include in our definition of extremism, calls for the death of members of our armed forces, whether in this country or overseas.

British Values: include democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

Signs of Vulnerability

There are no known definitive indicators that a young person is vulnerable to radicalisation, but there are a number of signs that together increase the risk. These include:

- Continual refusal to conform
- Underachievement
- Being in possession of extremist literature
- Poverty
- Social exclusion
- Traumatic events
- Global or national events
- Religious conversion
- Change in behaviour
- Extremist influences
- Conflict with family over lifestyle
- Confused identity
- Victim or witness to race or hate crimes
- Rejection by peers, family, social groups or faith

Recognising extremism

Early indicators of radicalisation or extremism may include:

- Showing sympathy for extremist causes
- Glorifying violence, especially to other faiths or cultures
- Making remarks or comments about being at extremist events or rallies outside school (but there are also very powerful narratives, programmes and networks that young people can come across online so particular individuals / groups may not become apparent)
- Evidence of possessing illegal or extremist literature
- Advocating messages similar to illegal organisations or other extremist groups
- Out of character changes in dress, behaviour and peer relationships
- Secretive behaviour
- Online searches or sharing extremist messages or social profiles
- Intolerance of difference, including faith, culture, gender, race or sexuality
- Graffiti art work or writing that displays extremist themes
- Attempts to impose extremist views or practices on others
- Verbalising anti-Western or anti-British views
- Advocating violence towards others

Procedure for referrals

Although serious incidents involving radicalisation have not occurred at All Saints CEVA Primary School to date, it is important for us to be vigilant and fully informed about issues that affect the local and wider area. Staff are reminded to suspend any professional disbelief that incidents of radicalisation 'could not happen here' and to refer any concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (Mrs Cumberpatch) or in her absence either the Head Teacher or Deputy Head Teacher.

Role of the Curriculum

We are committed to ensuring that our pupils are offered a broad and balanced curriculum that aims to prepare them for life in modern Britain. We encourage our pupils to be inquisitive learners who are open to new experiences and are tolerant of others. Our values support the development of pupils as reflective learners within a safe, respectful and tolerant learning environment.

Through our curriculum, pupils are encouraged to share their views and recognise that they are entitled to have their own different beliefs which should not be used to influence others. Our PSHCE and SMSC provision is embedded across the curriculum, and underpins the ethos of the school.

Pupils are taught how to stay safe when using the internet and encouraged to recognise that people are not always who they say they are online. They are taught to seek adult help if they are upset or concerned about anything they read or see on the internet. The internet provides children and young people with access to a wide-range of content, some of which is harmful. Extremists use the internet

including social media, to share their messages. The filtering systems used in our school blocks inappropriate content, including extremist material, but pupils are regularly reminded to report any inappropriate material that may get through the school's filter so the matter can be addressed.

Staff training

Through INSET opportunities in school, we will ensure our staff is fully aware of the threats, risks and vulnerabilities that are linked to radicalisation and is aware of the process of radicalisation and how this might be identified early on. This information will also form part of our safeguarding training.

Safer recruitment

We ensure our recruitment processes are rigorous, in line with statutory requirements, best practice guidance and the school's safer recruitment policy. These processes include the use of the DBS checks on all employees, governors and regular volunteers.

Visitors:

All visitors and contractors are required to 'sign in' at the school office in advance of having access to school. LA contractors and university placement students are vetted by the LA/University. Visiting speakers are required to work to a pre-agreed mandate and, if at any time, the supervising staff consider the input inappropriate they are to take immediate action and to inform either the Head Teacher or Deputy Head Teacher without delay.

Links to other policies:

This policy links to the following policies:

- Safeguarding/Child protection
- E-safety
- Whistleblowing
- Anti-bullying
- PSHCE
- Our British Values Statement
- Staff Code of Conduct

Statutory duties:

The duty to prevent children and young people radicalised is set out in the following documents:

- Counter Terrorism and Security Act (2015)
- Keeping Children Safe in Education (2015)
- Prevent Duty Guidance (2015)
- Working Together to Safeguard Children (2015)

Non-Statutory Guidance:

'Promoting fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools: Departmental advice for maintained schools' (DfE 2014).

'The Prevent duty. Departmental advice for schools and childcare providers'. DfE June 2015.

The Local Authority link is Emma Hildreth who serves as the Prevent Lead for Northamptonshire County Council.

This policy is to be read in conjunction with **Appendix 1**: 'All Saints CEVA Primary School Christian Values Yearly Structure.'

Policy monitoring and review:

This policy will be reviewed every two years by the Resources and Community Committee

Date of approval: 14/09/2017

Date of next review: Autumn Term 2018